



Revision is the most critical step in the writing process. Unlike proofreading, revision is not simply checking grammar and punctuation, but rather re-





Alternatively, you can also develop your draft by exploring any areas or topics in your writing which you believe need further support. As you work to revise your draft, consider what information your audience needs to know as well as what concepts they might not know. Once you have identified a topic you wish to develop, write that topic on the top of a sheet of paper and freewrite to generate further ideas. What new ideas emerged as you were freewriting? How could you incorporate these ideas into your paper to develop a stronger draft?

Further Assistance: For more detailed help or if you have questions, visit the Writing Center located in the Lewis University Library or call 815-836-5427.

Sources Consulted: *Academic Writing* by Wendy Bishop, Walden University, KU Writing Center, Trinity DC